



UN SUSTAINABLE GEALS



The Original Recyclers



Grocery Stores generate



of scraps, fat, bone, expired meat & used cooking oil annually

Renderers collect



of used cooking oil per year in the U.S. and Canada

RENDERING RECLAIMS AND PROTECTS

3.7 billion gallons of water that would otherwise be wasted are reclaimed during rendering, cleaned, and returned to rivers and streams. Rendering also improves water quality by reducing grease and oil that clog sewer and wastewater systems.



RENDERING COMBATS CLIMATE CHANGE

Rendering protects the environment from high greenhouse gas emissions of other disposal methods. It reduces the environmental impacts of animal agriculture by sequestering 5 times more greenhouse gases than are produced.

This is equal to removing **18.5 million** cars off the road each year.

If all renderable products were sent to landfills, all available space would be gone in 4 years.



FEEDING THE FUTURE

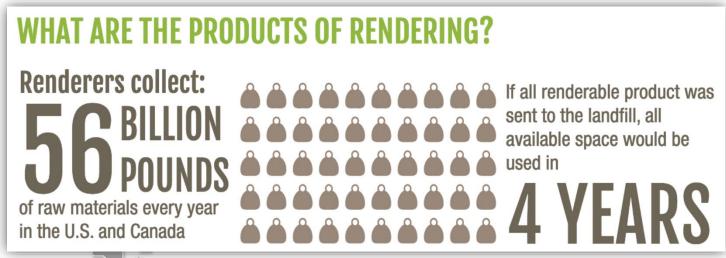
Rendering helps grow the next generation of food by "recycling" unwanted meat into new and clean ingredients for animal food and fertilizer.



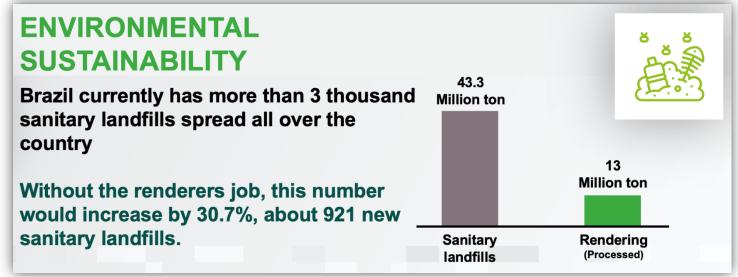


Rendering: IS RECYCLING

Avoid waste
Reduced landfills outputs



https://nava.org/wp-content/uploads/2019/12/Rendering-is-Recycling-Update.pdf

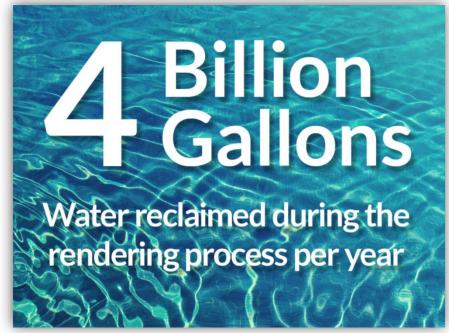




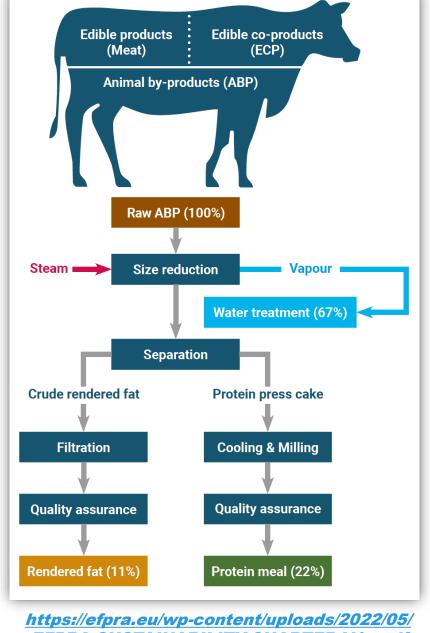
Rendered products: **WATER RECOVERY**

Water: from 50% to 90% is water reclaimed, and is treated before released

Yearly in USA & Canada:



https://nara.org/sustainability/water-recovery/



EFPRA-SUSTAINABILITY-CHARTER-V1a.pdf



Rendered products: GHG EMISSIONS

Rendering reduces Greenhouse Gas Emissions (GHG)

- ✓ Rendering reduces GHG emissions by 72% and fossil fuel use by 80% (when compared to petroleum diesel)
- ✓ An average rendering plant sequesters 5 times more greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions from the environment (such as carbon dioxide) than it emits. Some are even more efficient than that





Rendered products: Nutrient and Land-Conservation

Valuable nutrients are saved / upcycled

The demand for arable land and fertilizers is lowered

For example in 2017 Brazilian renderers:

- recycled 1.9 million tons of pure protein and 32.4 billions kcal (5.3 million tons of fats and meals)*. The phosphorous recycled were equivalent to 650 thousand tons in dicalcium phosphate**
- To replace the rendered products by corn/soybean, 2.1 millions hectares of arable land and 910 thousand tons of NKP would be needed*.

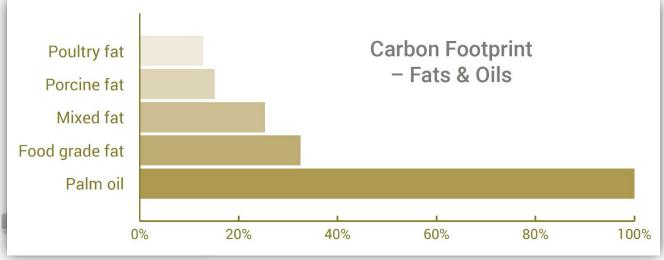


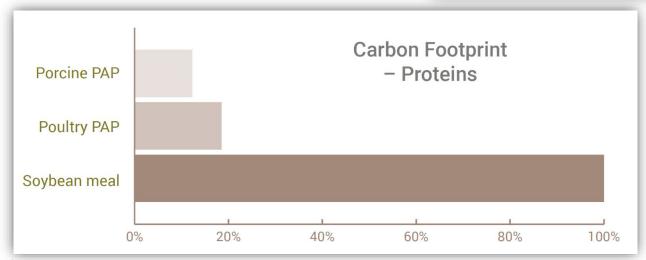
^{*:} L. Cypriano, Revista Reciclagem Animal, Jan/Feb 2018, pp. 60 a 63 - http://www.mflip.com.br/pub/stilo/?numero=61&edicao=10598#page/61

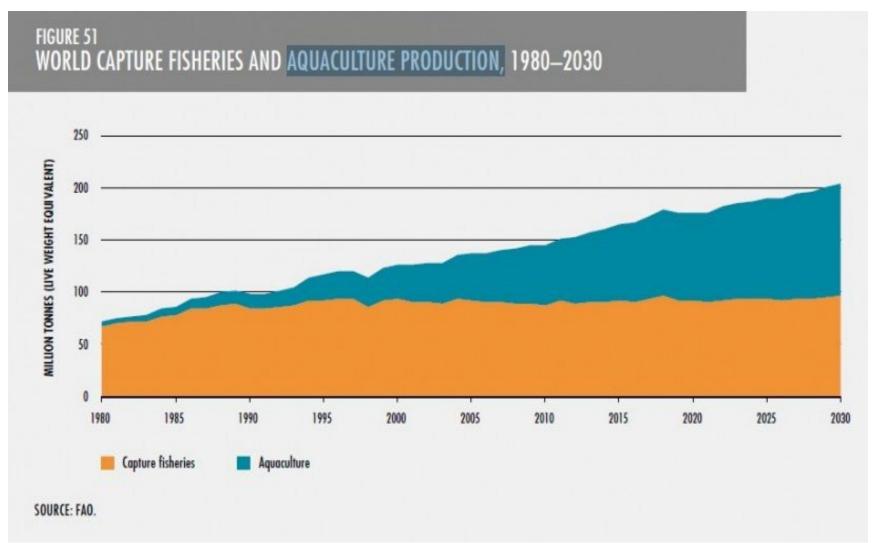
^{**:} L. Cypriano, Revista Reciclagem Animal, Dec/Nov 2017, pp. 50 a 55 - http://www.mflip.com.br/pub/stilo/?numero=60&edicao=10538#page/51

Rendered products: Low Carbon Footprint

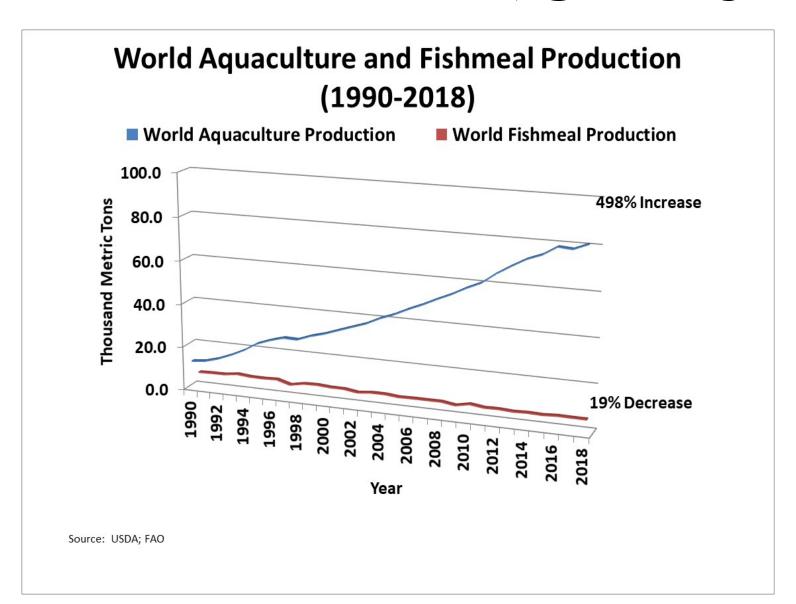
Rendered products do not compete with food!



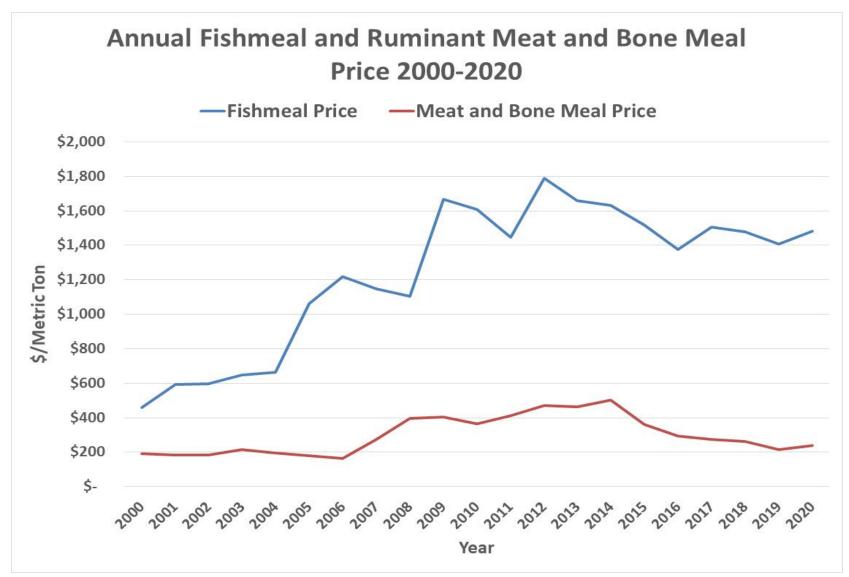






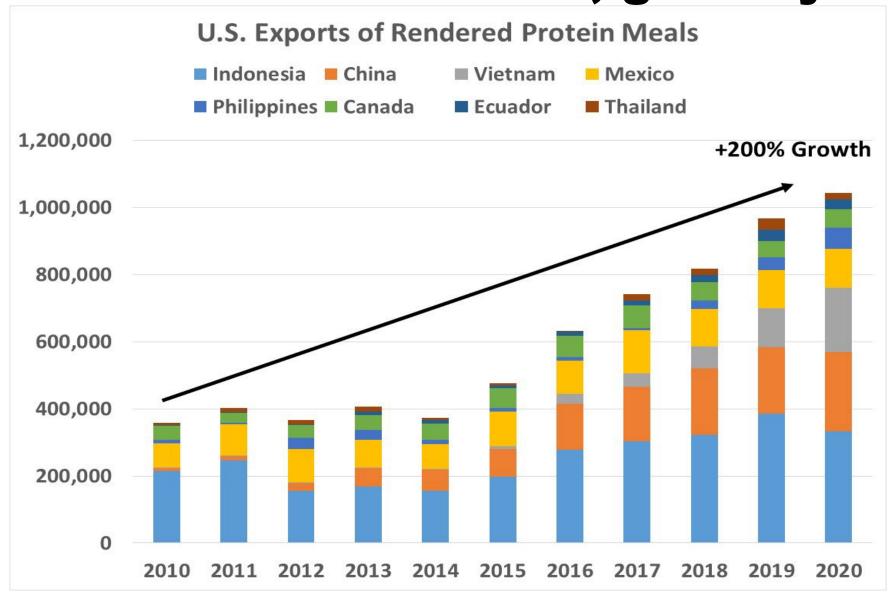






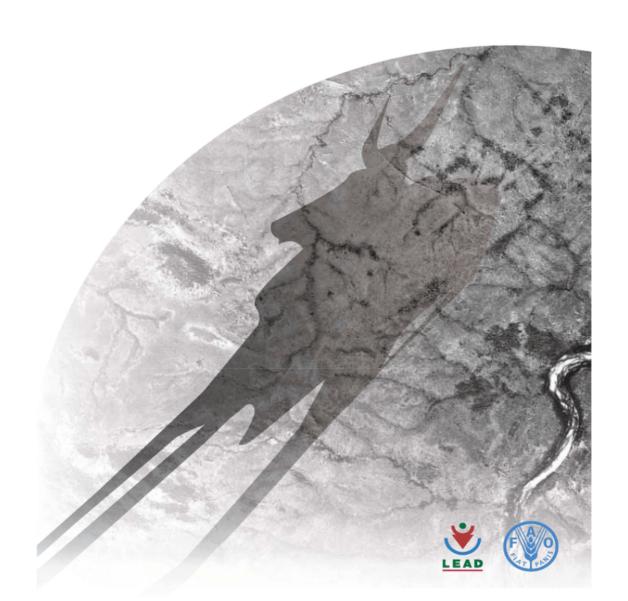


Source: The Jacobsen Report
USDA/FAS Oilseeds: World Markets and Trade





livestock's long shadow environmental issues and options







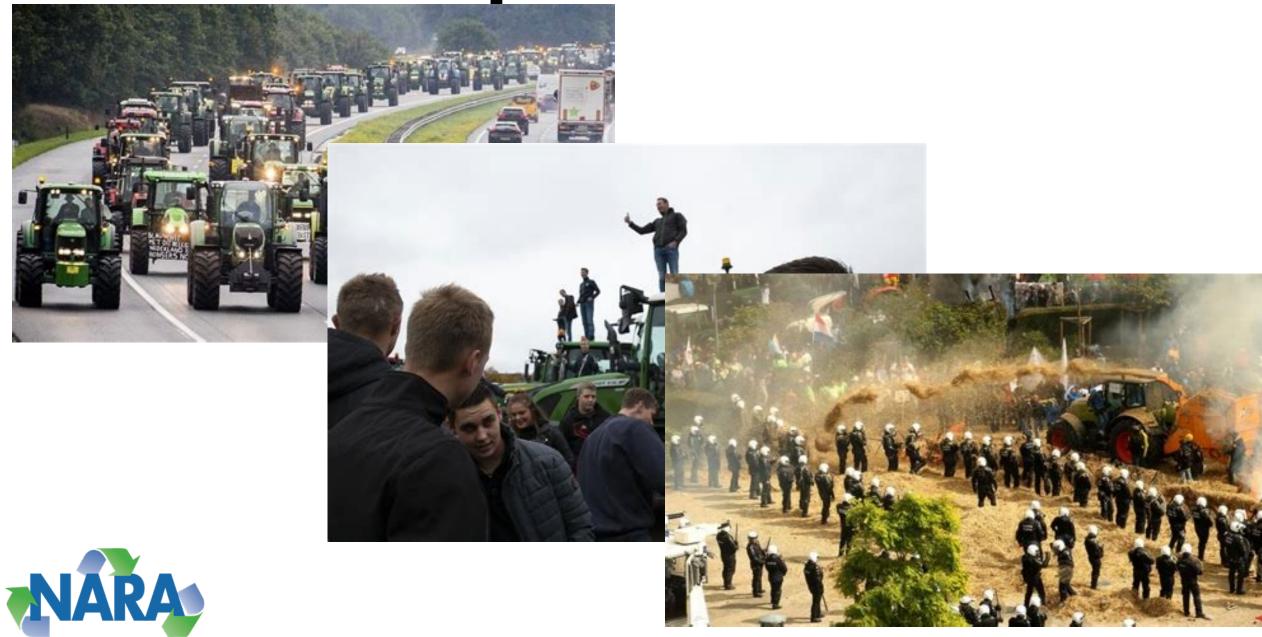




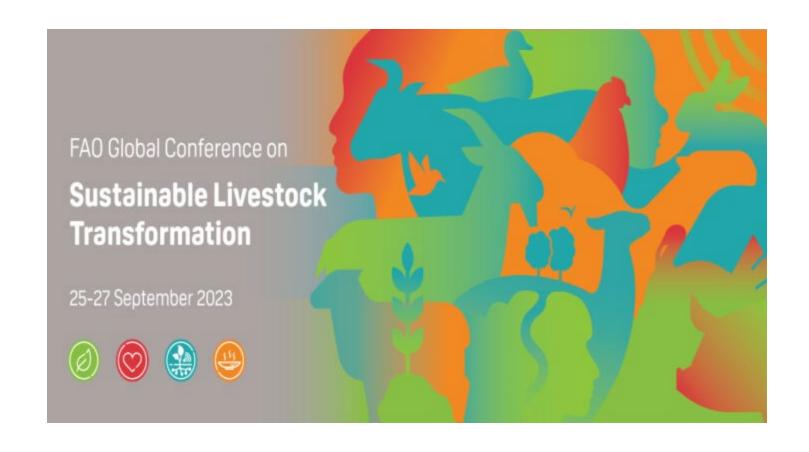






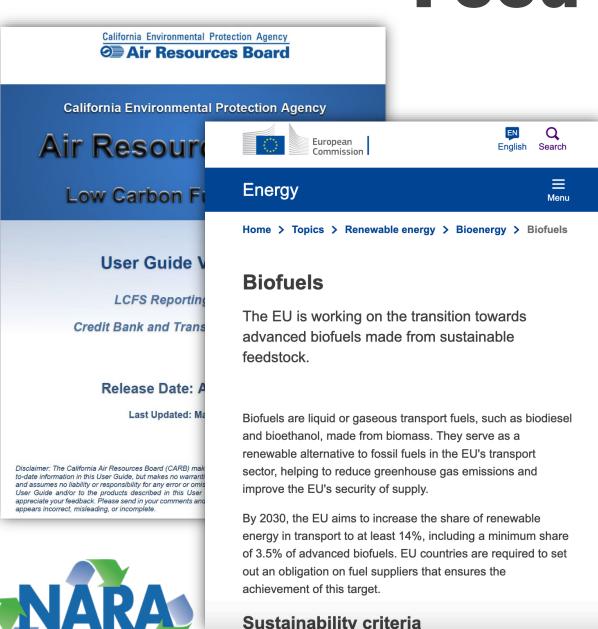


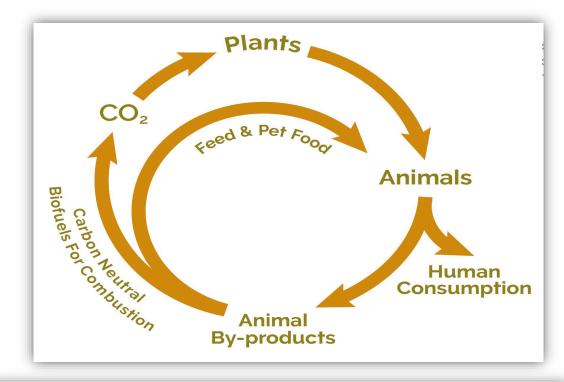
Alternatives

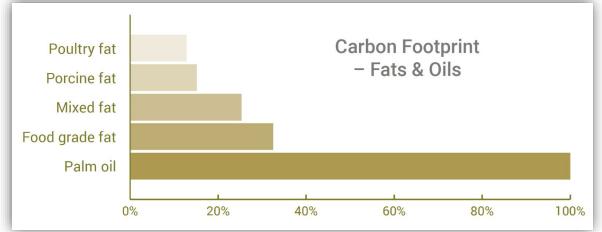




Food vs Fuel







California Low Carbon Fuel Standard (LCFS) Carbon Intensity (CI) Scores (gCO2e/MJ)

California Low Carbon Fuel Stanard (LCFS) Carbon Intensity Scores (gCO2e/MJ)						
Biodiesel Feedstock		Renewable Diesel Feedstock				
North America		North America				
Tallow	34.46	Tallow	36.29			
Used Cooking Oil (UCO)	20.16	Used Cooking Oil (UCO)	20.84			
Distillers Corn Oil	29.55	Distillers Corn Oil	32.80			
Soy Oil	54.23	Soy Oil	55.22			
Canola Oil	53.36	Singapore				
		Tallow	36.22			
		UCO Global	21.25			
		UCO Asian	16.89			



https://ww2.arb.ca.gov/resources/documents/lcfs-pathway-certified-carbon-intensities

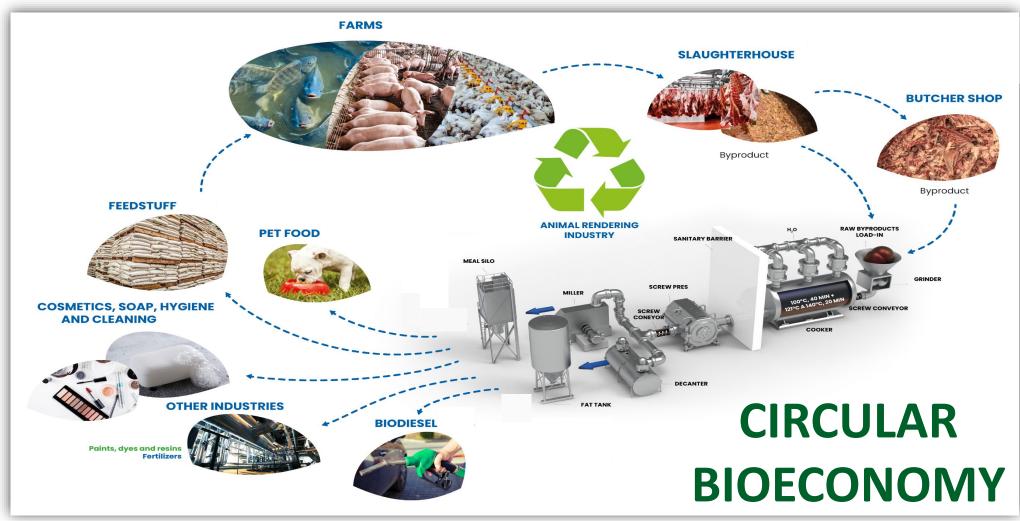


U.S. Production & Use (bio-based diesel) of Rendered Fat in MT; (Annual 2022)

Product	Production	Imports	Total	Consumption in	Percent of	Percent of	
			Supply	Bio-based diesel	Production	TOTAL Supply	
Poultry Fat	917,953	2,992	920,945	73,288	8%	8%	
Tallow	2,834,157	554,064	3,388,221	794,616	28%	23%	
White Grease	745,891	49,616	795,507	300,239	40%	38%	
TOTAL*	4,498,001	606,672	5,104,673	1,168,142	26%	23%	
Source:	USDA/National Agricultural Statis Energy Information Agency	tics Service					



Sustainability





Alternatives





Sustaining relationships through science

PET FOOD ALLIANCE

The Pet Food Alliance (PFA) is a joint project facilitated through Colorado State University and the Fats and Protein Research Foundation (FPRF) to bring together members of the rendering, pet food, laboratory, academia, and technology industries to collaborate and develop solutions for industry-wide challenges and explore mutually beneficial opportunities.







Research Funding, utilizing research and data to...

Economic sustainability

Increasing markets

Improvements in quality



Supportive safety information



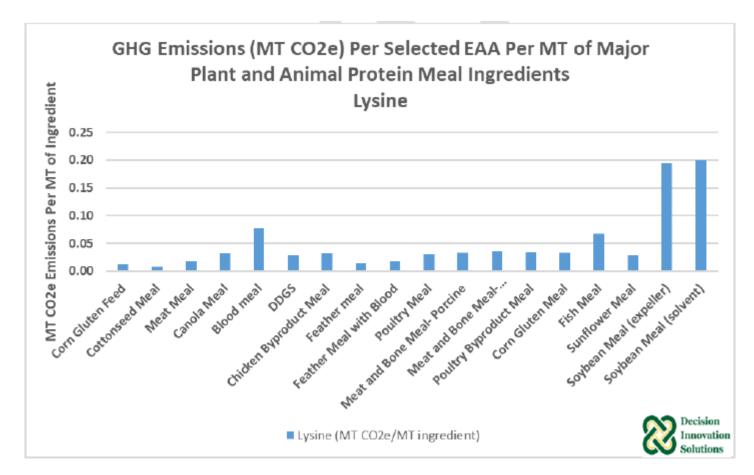


Figure 7. GHG Emissions Per Selected EAA Per MT of Major Plant and Animal Protein Meal Ingredients, Lysine



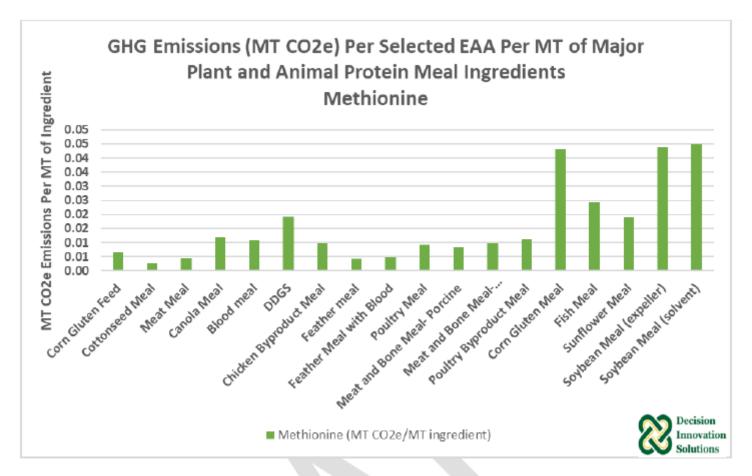




Figure 8. GHG Emissions Per Selected EAA Per MT of Major Plant and Animal Protein Meal Ingredients, Methionine

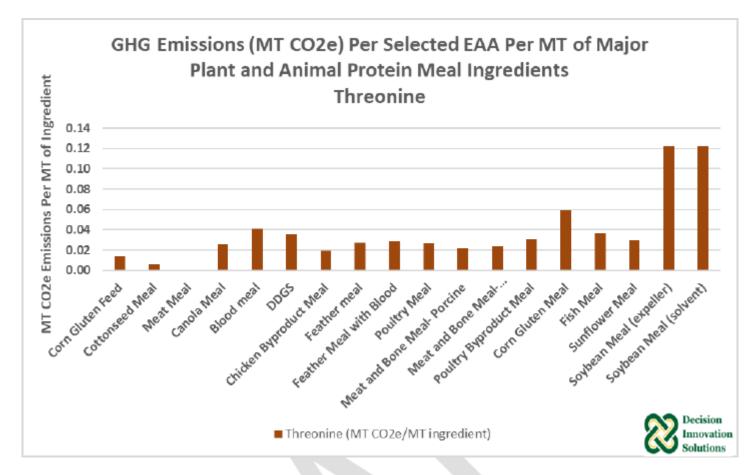


Figure 10. GHG Emissions Per Selected EAA Per MT of Major Plant and Animal Protein Meal Ingredients, Threonine



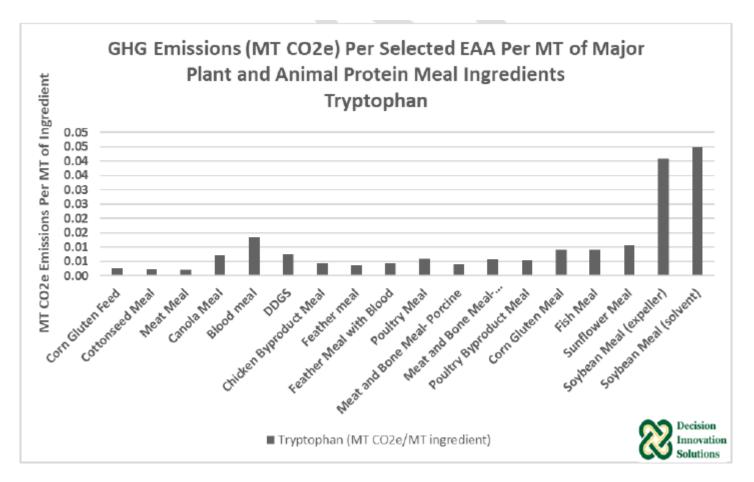
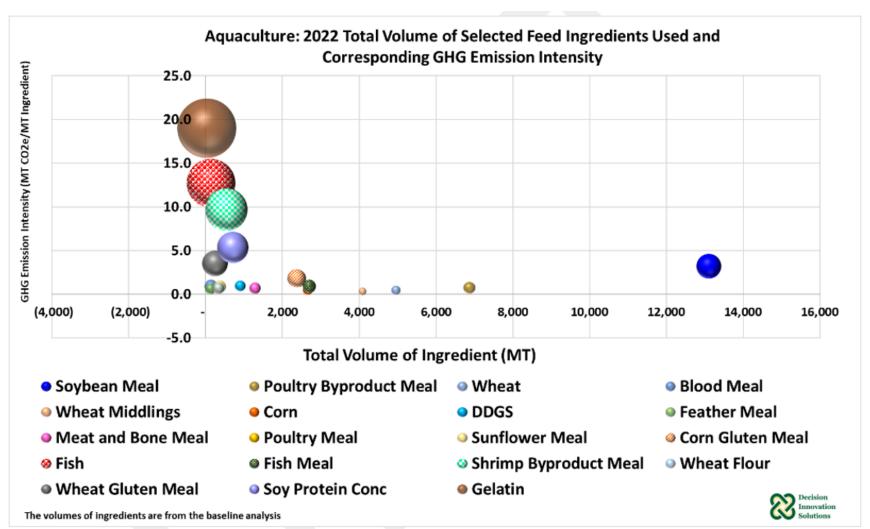
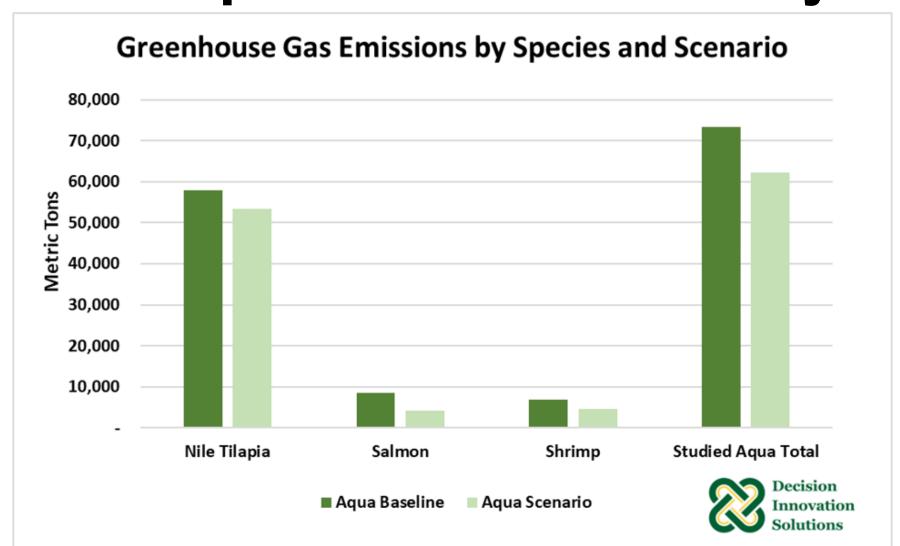




Figure 11. GHG Emissions Per Selected EAA Per MT of Major Plant and Animal Protein Meal Ingredients, Tryptophan



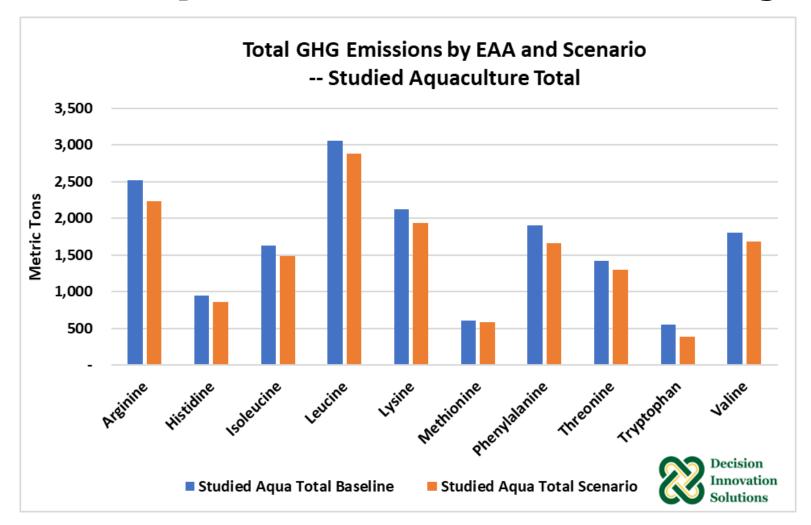




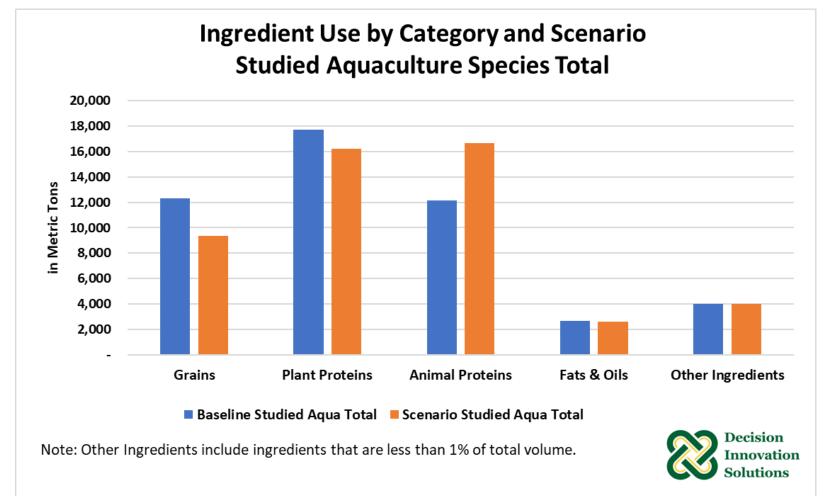
Percent Change in GHG Emissions by EAA and by Species from Baseline										
	Arginine	Histidine	Isoleucine	Leucine	Lysine	Methionine	Phenylalanine	Threonine	Tryptophan	Valine
Nile Tilapia	-2.8%	-2.1%	-2.5%	3.0%	-2.6%	-0.2%	-5.6%	-1.0%	-18.1%	-0.5%
Salmon	-48.0%	-42.1%	-39.6%	-42.5%	-41.5%	-18.2%	-46.6%	-39.8%	-72.8%	-31.9%
Shrimp	-36.4%	-32.5%	-31.7%	-28.7%	-29.8%	-26.3%	-35.5%	-29.2%	-51.8%	-30.0%
Studied Aqua Total	-11.1%	-9.3%	-8.8%	-5.7%	-9.0%	-4.5%	-13.0%	-8.0%	-29.3%	-6.7%



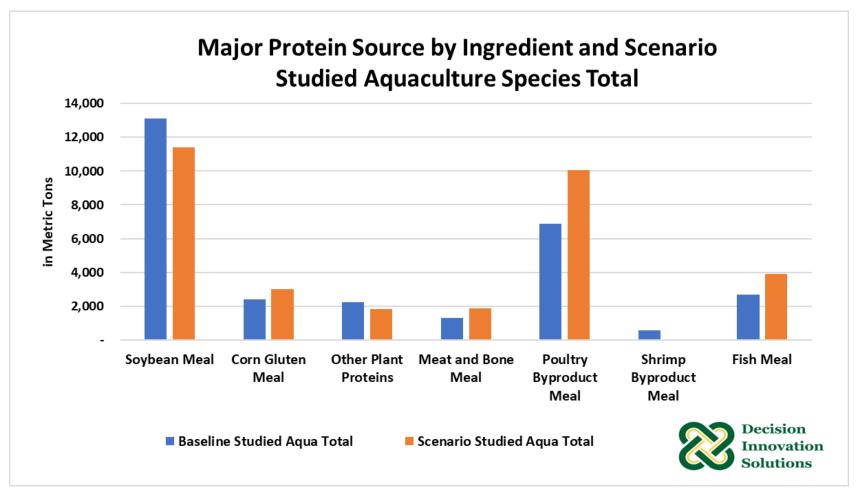




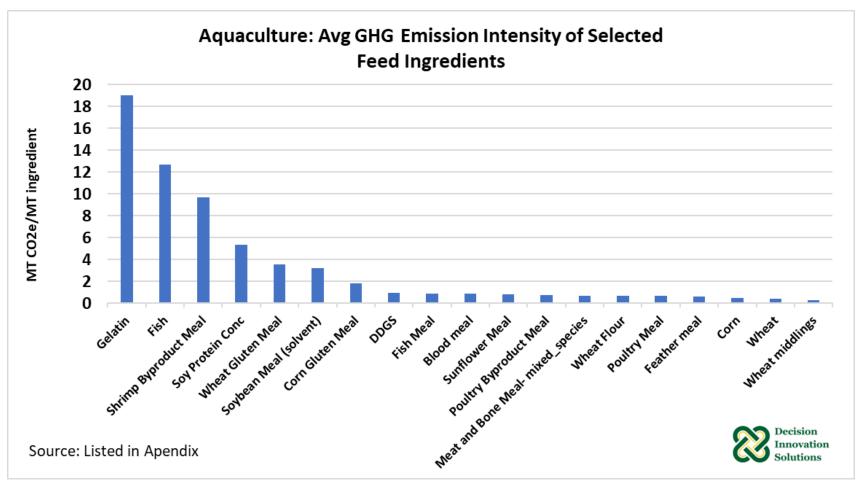




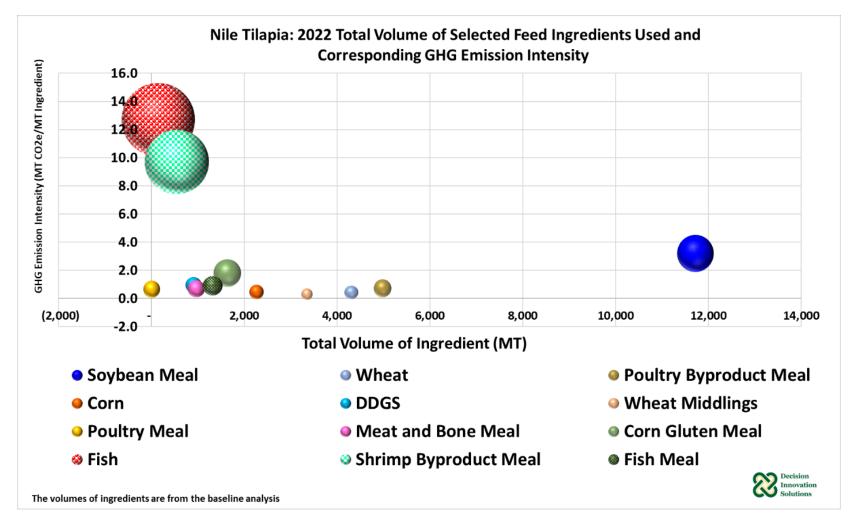




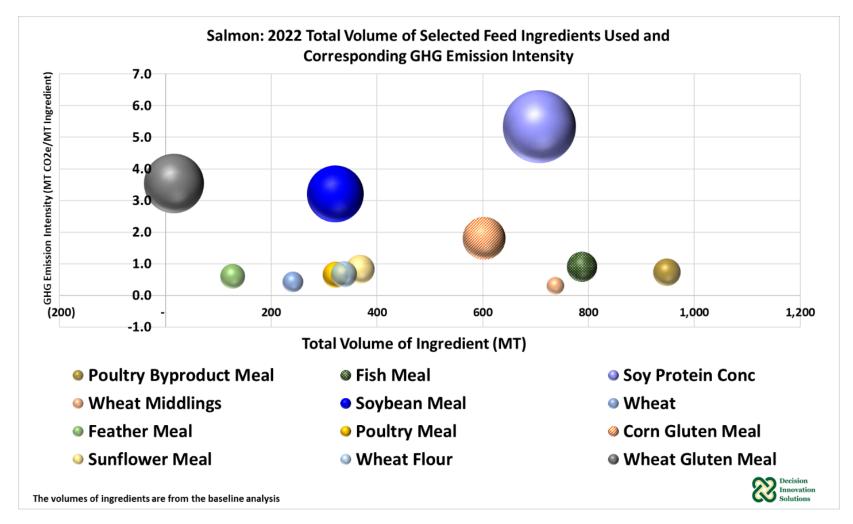




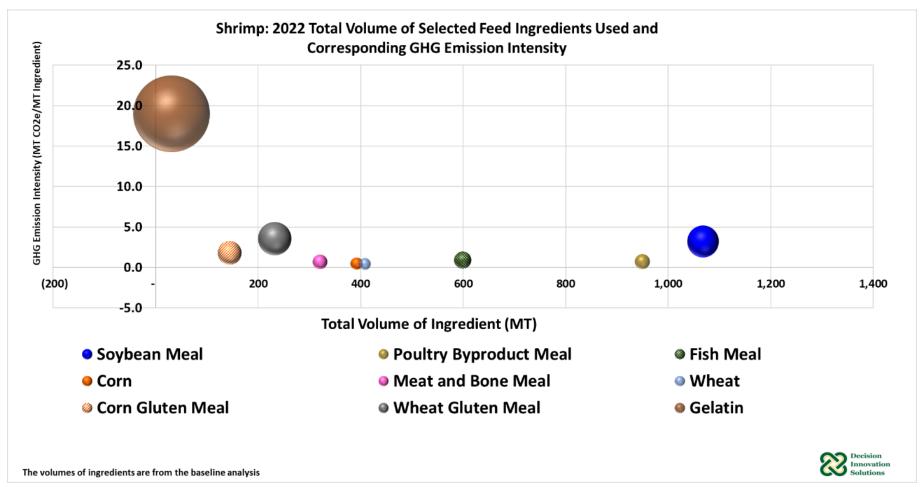




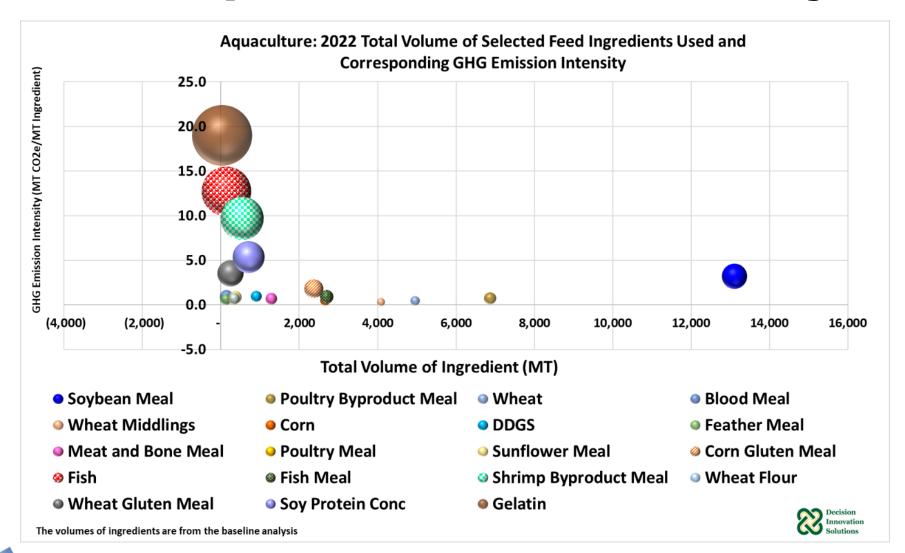


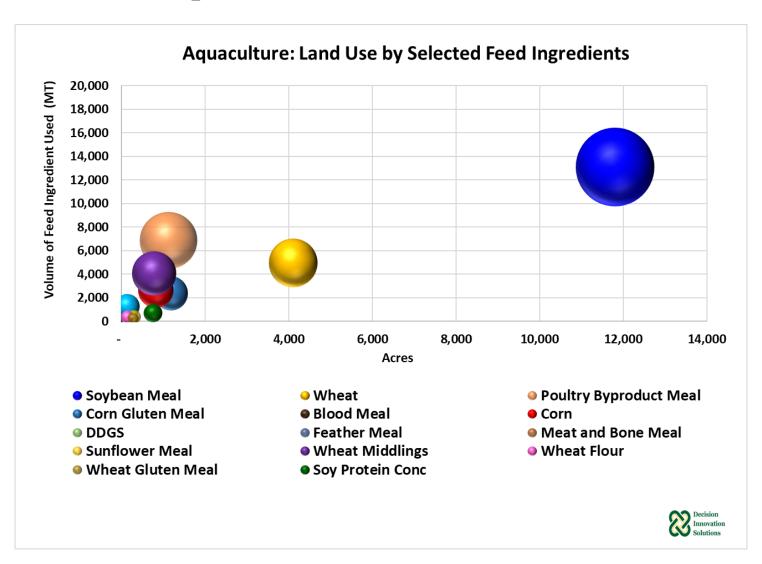




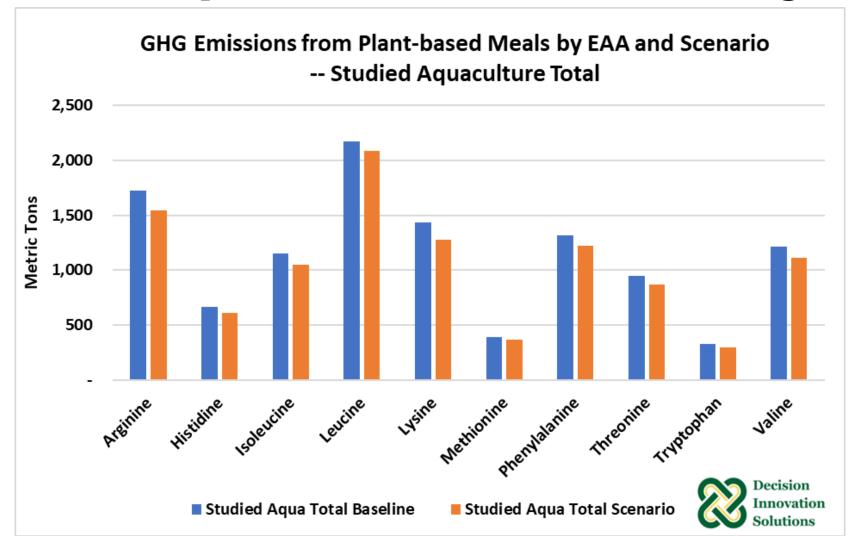




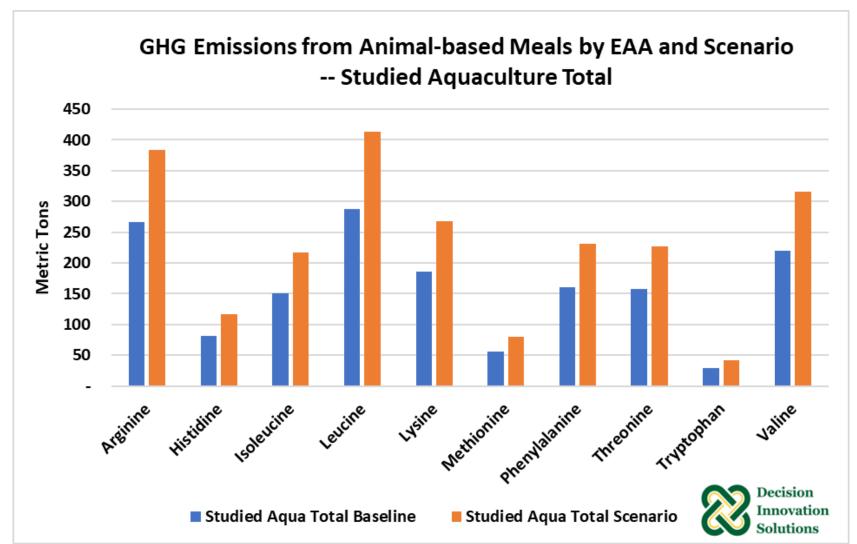














Sustaining relationships through science

Life cycle assessments are expected

- Suppliers are weighed against one another
 - "Does your company conduct an Environmental and Social Impact Assessment (ESIA) or equivalent for all new business developments?"

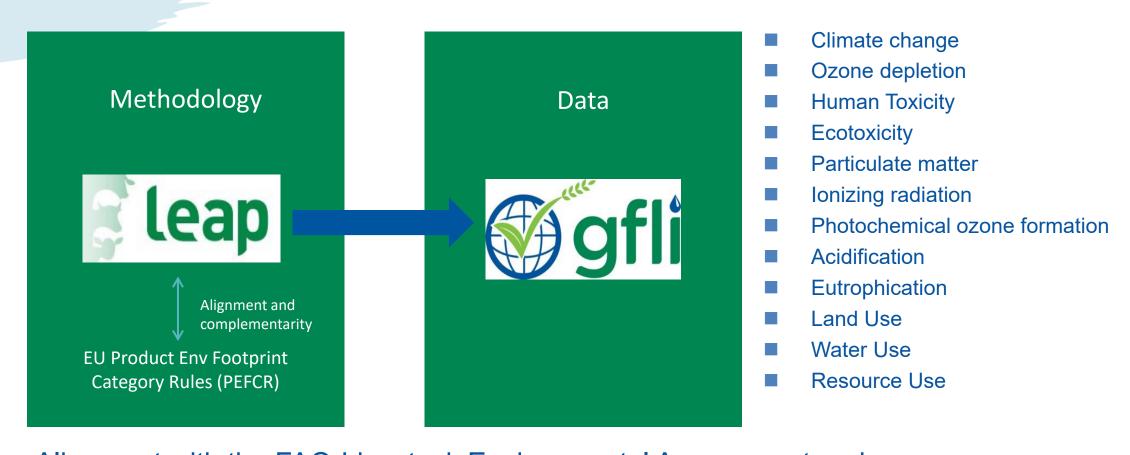
Models have changed

- Employee welfare and safety
- Environmental consciousness
 - "We avoid conversion of habitat with valuable biodiversity for biomass production."
 - "Has your company been in breach of any environmental legislation and/or environmental permits in the past 10 years?"
- Brand integrity
 - "Has any of your locations been a focus of any NGO attacks or negative campaigns during the past 10 years?"
 - "Is your company currently subject to any environmental investigations or legal case(s) regarding environmental matters?"





Data Generation Methodology



Alignment with the FAO-Livestock Environmental Assessment and Performance (LEAP) guidelines for feed and feed additives ensures the integrity & quality of LCA feed datasets.



GFLI Mission & Vision

Independent animal nutrition and food industry non-profit institute with the purpose of:

- developing a publicly available Animal Nutrition Life Cycle Analysis (LCA) database;
- supporting the meaningful environmental assessment of animal nutrition products;
 and
- stimulating continuous improvement.

GFLI database to be recognized as **the global reference** for Feed LCA Data by the public and private sectors.

We are not getting younger

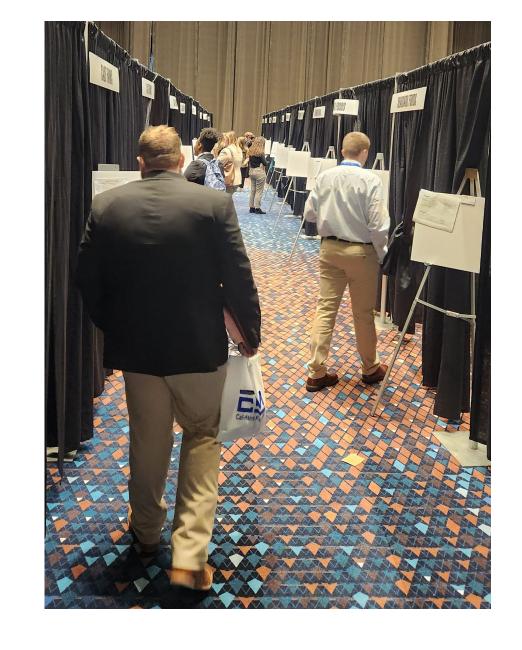
Next Generation





Next Generation

- Internships
 - IPPE Student program
 - University job fairs





Next Generation

- JUCO and trade school mentoring
- Leadership development





Thank you, Questions???









